

Calamities are laughing at the New Year.

The way to the white house is as rough as the road to Jericho.

When you monkey with the tariff you fool with the laboring man.

Even so good and great a man as Peter Cooper can't get a monument by private subscription.

This is the year when more democratic candidates for the presidency will leap into obscurity.

The weather is giving '84 a cold reception; but it begins to look as if the year will have its revenge before it passes away.

It is said that Queen Victoria has written a book. This, doubtless, was written as her address to parliament are written—by other hands.

The only hope for Villard is to enter journalism again. As a newspaper reporter he can soon recover his fortune, and buy up another railway.

The American hog still visits Europe. The exports for 1883 were a third more than for 1882. It is a difficult thing for Bismarck or the French government to utterly crush a United States hog.

The good old democratic state of Kentucky, like the old reliable democratic city of New York, is in a bad financial condition. In Kentucky, Governor Knott says there is a deficit of \$400,000 in the state treasury.

Colonel Vilas is being handsomely complimented by the press of the country because he treated Mariette with contempt when the latter called him a liar. It takes a thorough gentleman to maintain himself as Colonel Vilas did under the trying circumstances.

Massachusetts has a bonded debt of \$31,430,680—a debt which will never be paid, in all probability. Governor Robinson recommends in his message that all employees in the state receive their wages weekly, and suggests that a law be enacted to enforce such payments.

The society women in Washington and New York are striving to see which one can wear the costliest diamonds, and this rivalry has made it necessary to have detectives at certain receptions and balls to prevent the glittering jewels from being stolen.

A wife in Chicago brought suit against a man who kept a gambling den, to recover \$6,000 her husband lost at poker, but the court bent her. Chicago courts are poor places in which to try such a case. Gambling is one of Chicago's prominent enterprises, and it must be maintained.

A doctor in New York has a fortune within his grasp. He has discovered "a safe and easy way of bleaching noses, and his patronage has been so expensive that a member of the Tammany society can no longer be distinguished across the street after dark." A good many men in Chicago are much in need of such a remedy.

Fitz John Porter finds hope to a democratic house. Without a shadow of doubt his relief bill will pass the house, but the great barrier in the senate will be Senator Logan. It will not be easy for the bill to ride by Logan, neither will his speech, maps and documents relating to Porter's treachery, be swiftly answered.

The New York Commercial Bulletin has just published a summary of the fire record for 1883. The aggregate fire loss in this country of the year is \$109,000,000. There were 190 fires where the loss exceeded \$100,000. The December fire record shows an aggregate loss of \$11,000,000. The fire loss of 1883 was the heaviest, exceeding 1871 and 1872, the years of the Chicago and Boston fires.

The decree has gone forth that General Grant is in favor of General Logan for president. It is a good thing to have the support of General Grant, but that will not help Logan. The Chicago convention will not be influenced by one man though that man may be Grant himself. The country little cares now what this or that man may think on the presidential question. The convention will be beyond the control of any one man or set of men.

A new political movement is to be inaugurated by Miss Frances Villard, vice president of the national temperance union. She will superintend the work throughout the United States. The project is to get 1,000,000 signatures to a memorial to be presented at the next national convention of each party, asking the insertion of a prohibition plank in the platform. There will not be much trouble in getting one million names but that will not secure the desired plank.

Some people rise high and a good many fall very low. Some with extreme modesty, bordering on bashfulness, get into the current of success and are carried on to wealth and influence; while the more ambitious, the more daring, frequently meet with reverses and humiliating failure. In 1839 a very modest young lady entered Denver by a stage coach. She had no friends and very little money. She was 21 years old. She went there to work and make a living. She rented a little room on one of the principal streets and managed a sort of a sewing machine agency. The little woman had no occasion with much opposition, because sewing machine agents in those days infected Colorado as well as the older states. But her success was marked, and one time when Mr. Villard, the famous cattle king of Colorado, was in Denver, he happened to see the sewing machine girl, fell in love with her, and in a few weeks

they were married. She lived in a palace of a home in Denver surrounded by all the luxury that Villard's wealth and generosity could command. Mr. Villard died a few years ago, and left his wife tons of thousands of cattle, and an income of nearly \$300,000. She was a member of the Methodist church, and when Bishop Warren was in Denver lately, an engagement of marriage between the bishop and Mrs. Villard was made, and three weeks ago the wedding took place. She has a fortune of ten millions, much of which will be given to charitable purposes.

WISCONSIN RAILWAY BUSINESS.

There are 3,687 miles of railways in Wisconsin. The earnings for all lines in the state were, during the year: From passengers, \$5,306,170; from freight, \$12,239,355; from mail, express, etc., \$1,032,165,61, making the total earnings for the state \$10,706,837.81. The operating expenses of all lines in the state were \$9,285,130.04. For Wisconsin, the receipts from sources other than earnings were \$538,887.45, and total receipts from all sources were \$20,246,255.20. The cost of all lines in the state up to last June was a little over \$111,000,000.

The taxes paid by the lines in Wisconsin in 1883, were \$948,395.27. The number of passengers carried in Wisconsin during the year was 3,807,075. The passenger earnings per mile by all the lines in Wisconsin were \$1,150.22; freight earnings per mile, \$24.45.44. (The total earnings per mile in Wisconsin, \$37.77.42; operating expenses, \$26,077.65. Number of miles run by all trains of all the systems, 52,103,906; the same for all the lines in Wisconsin, 16,114,132. Equipments for all the systems are: Locomotives, 1,814; passenger cars, 748; baggage, mail and express cars, 431; parlor or sleeping cars, 91; freight cars, 52,791; other cars, 714.

The number of persons killed on all the systems during the year ending June 30, 1883, were: Passengers, 3; employees, 43; others, 42. The number injured for the same time: Passengers, 25; employees, 103; others, 26, making the total killed 83, injured 154. The total of accidents, including killed and injured, was on all the lines, 242.

ENCOMPASSED BY SHADOWS.

Mr. Henry Villard, of whom the country has said so much of late, and who has attracted the attention of public men in both Europe and America by his daring railway operations, and whose wealth has been counted by the millions, is just now passing through the valley of humiliation. He has resigned the office of president of the Northern Pacific railway for two reasons: (1) because his health is shattered, and (2) because the best interests of the company demanded his resignation.

Mysterious Fate has strangely overtaken Mr. Villard. It seemed, six months or a year ago, that his influence was as mighty as an over-reaching as Gould's, and that his wealth and position could not be disturbed by the chances and changes that take place in the affairs of business men. But a man who is pure-pride and haughtily nips his business or social power, has no certainty that some day he will not be a beggar. Villard began his business with nothing in particular to cheer him. He was born in Germany and came to this country when quite young. He entered journalism, and in 1858 he reported the ever memorable Lincoln-Douglas campaign. After the war, in which he was a newspaper correspondent, he went into the railway business. In 1881 he formed what was known as the "blind pool," and some ten million dollars was put in his hands by Wall street speculators, for which Villard did not give a cent's worth of security. With the ten million he quietly bought up a controlling interest in the Northern Pacific and was elected its president.

When the Northern Pacific was completed he arranged the greatest railway excursion this or any other country ever saw. It was a grand triumphal march of two hundred celebrities across the continent in its magnificent coaches as ever honored a railway. He built a palace for his little wife which cost more than half a million and was about to settle down in the belief that he was an infallible railway king. But no one can see through the mysteries of Fate, and the shrewdest many times get befogged when they attempt to explain the flight of riches and the non-subsistence of fame. His presidency has gone, his wealth has taken wings, his fame has evaporated, his mansion is no longer his, and his health is wrecked on the wreck of trouble. He boasted too much of his power and placed too much confidence in his own strength. He was a railway monarch yesterday, but to-day he is probably a beggar.

The Wisconsin State.
CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—The propeller Wisconsin, which left Milwaukee Wednesday evening, got within sight of Grand Haven and decided to put back. Captain McGregor conceded to the crew and directed the course of the vessel until Shobogon came in view. The worst shore was followed to Milwaukee, where the ship now displays a coat of ice from two to five inches thick.

Fire in a Mine.
DENVER, Col., Jan. 5.—At the Pleasant Valley mines in Utah, a shaft and tunnel took fire. All the miners were rescued but John McLean and his son, who were suffocated.

A Young Murderer Sentenced.
NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 5.—Thomas Kennedy, aged 14 years, who killed John Condon, aged 10 years, by throwing a stone at him, was sentenced to two months' imprisonment and a \$5 fine.

Marine News.
NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Arrived: Steamship P. Colman from Rotterdam; State of Nevada from Glasgow.

Simple justice requires to be given the Soda and Salsolus should be given the leading place in the public esteem. It has been and is, one of the greatest health promoters of the age.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC.

Meeting of the Directors and Acceptance of Villard's Resignation.

The Directors Make an Assignment—What Villard and Hatch Say—Halfway Wickedness—Along the Lines.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—At the meeting of the directors of the Northern Pacific, a communication was received from Henry Villard, president of the railway company, resigning his office on account of ill health, and at the same time resigning that who had participated in the resignation, and declaring that he had conducted the affairs of the road in the manner best calculated to conserve the interests of the stockholders, and that this would vindicate his administration. This resignation was accepted, and then the following resolution adopted:

Resolved, That in view of the fact that Mr. Villard, during his presidency, has voluntarily received no salary whatever, and that the treasurer be directed to pay him at the rate of \$10,000 a year for the period he held office.

The report of the finance committee, presented to the board of directors during the meeting, showed that the amount of money that remained in the treasury's hands from the proceeds of the \$10,000,000 second mortgage bonds and other cash assets, which at present are specifically applicable to the liquidation of the indebtedness embraced in the circular to the preferred stockholders of October 17, 1883, amounted to \$5,171,291. The obligations of the company in this particular exhibit, conjointly with the balance of the amount required for construction and equipment, amount to \$4,018,803. By this showing there remains a surplus of \$1,152,488. In addition to the above the company has, as announced by the board of directors, in cash, the special fund applicable to the payment of the interest on the general first mortgage bonds due on July 1 next, amounting to \$1,300,000. A report was read from Vice President F. F. Oakes, of the Northern Pacific, in which he stated the working expenses and earnings of the main line and branches from June 30, 1883. The road has earned \$6,038,987, and the operating expenses, including rentals, etc., with taxes, were \$4,175,690. The estimated gross earnings for the balance of the fiscal year at \$7,000,000, and the estimated operating expenses will be \$5,123,000. Interest charges for the entire fiscal year are estimated at \$8,537,341, leaving a net surplus of \$1,455,657.

By a trust deed recorded in the surrogate's office, Mr. Villard transfers his residence at 100 Madison avenue to Messrs. Horace White, of this city, and William Edickott, Jr., of Boston. The transfer is made to satisfy any indebtedness of Mr. Villard to the Oregon Railway and Navigation company, of which he recently resigned the presidency. The surplus, if any, after satisfying the company's claim, is to be paid to Mrs. Villard. Mrs. Villard relinquishes her dower right in the property. The deed was executed, as the date shows, on Friday of last week.

"I don't know anything as to Mr. Villard's answer," said Mr. William T. Vanderbilt, in answer to a question by a reporter. "I never was thrown in contact with him, and I don't know what he said to him personally. Was his failure a surprise to me? Well, no; I can't exactly say that it was. Since the failure I have read of a good many things about it which have surprised me more than did the crash itself. For instance—well, this having thrust upon him millions of dollars of other people's money for investment seems to me a very curious affair. Have people ever come to you, sir?" asked Mr. Vanderbilt of the reporter, who asked of a reporter inquiry, "what business money in your hands and insisted that you invest it? Did you ever hear of anybody coming to me?" continued Mr. Vanderbilt, with a gleam of a mischievous smile, "putting hundreds of thousands of dollars in my hands to invest for them?" Mr. Vanderbilt paused a moment and then resumed: "No; I don't know anything about the Northern Pacific. I never owned a dollar's interest in it in my life. I don't suppose it will be greatly affected by what has happened to Mr. Villard. Individuals don't amount to so much in these big enterprises."

"Do you believe that Mr. Villard's friends will rally about him, and assist him to make a new start?" Mr. Vanderbilt was asked. "Bald" was the reply. "You don't find much of that kind of friendship nowadays. Men will say, 'I'm awfully sorry for him,' or 'It's too bad,' all this does cost anything, but when you ask, 'How much are you sorry for him?' and all people to put their hands into their pockets—that's a different thing."

"What do you think of the prospects of the Northern Pacific?" "It was built prematurely. The country through which it passes won't be in a position to maintain a road like the Northern Pacific for some years to come. It will be a good property—say ten years from now." "I heartily endorse that letter," said Mr. Russell Sage, who is the next of Mr. Villard's resignation was read to him. "I endorse and approve every word of it. I have just had a talk with Mr. Robinson, president of the Farmers' Loan and Trust company, and from what he tells me and from what I know of his own knowledge I endorse that letter. I think what Mr. Villard says is true, and I am confident he never did a dishonest act in his life. But when people lose money they like to growl. I think it is possible that Mr. Villard may have deceived himself as to the immediate prospects of his road, but I am confident that it can bear all the liabilities to which it is subject. I think the future will vindicate not only Mr. Villard, but even Jay Cooke. I speak from my own observations made when I was out west last summer. Mr. Villard has been unfortunate, perhaps, but the situation is nothing like what it is made out to be by a pack of writers who are hounding him out. A pack of writers, I say, no matter who they are."

Mr. Russell Sage said: "I am very sorry for Mr. Villard, indeed. I have always looked upon him as a thoroughly honest man."

"What about the property as a property?" "Oh, it is fine. It is bound to astonish the people. It will go ahead and astonish us all. I will justly Mr. Villard fully in the future. I think a wise man will hold on to it, and I am willing to be put on record on that head."

On the Haggard Edge.

CHICAGO, Jan. 5.—There has been a full meeting here of all the representatives of the western railroads, interested in the tripartite contract, including Vice President Hayes, of the Missouri Pacific, and John McLean, president of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, all the railroads have entered into the agreement. Vice President and General Manager of the Burlington road, declared himself authorized to refuse to enter the combination under any circumstances. It was then proposed to him that the Burlington should avoid trouble by pooling its earnings with the other roads of the combination. Mr. Potter took two weeks to consider this proposal. A press reporter stated that it was extremely doubtful if the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy would ever recognize the tripartite contract and that for any event the road was absolutely able to take care of its self. Railroad men are much excited over the turn affairs have taken and expect confidently that the 17th of January will inaugurate one of the most bitter and extensive wars in the history of passenger and freight business ever known west of Chicago.

Crooked Politician Conductors.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 5.—Fourteen conductors of the Pullman cars on the Pennsylvania road have been arrested for a series of crookedness in collusion with the regular conductors, by which, it is said, their employees have been swindled out of \$40,000 within the past four months. The arrests were made on evidence secured by a detective agency which makes a specialty of railroad and steamship work, and which has been pursuing an investigation for nearly five months, sometimes having as many as twenty detectives riding as ordinary passengers in the Pullman cars on a single trip. These detectives gave the conductors tickets purchased in the usual way after having carefully noted their numbers. Those numbers were then traced, and it was found that in a number of cases the passenger conductors without purchasing the tickets turned them over to the regular conductors, who sold them to scalpers at reduced rates and shared the proceeds. In many cases the detective, gaining the conductors' confidence, accompanied them to the offices of scalpers and to gambling houses and other resorts where they would sometimes spend in a night more than their salaries received in a month. One conductor is said to have stolen \$45 on a single trip, and the loss to the companies was considerably more than \$200 per day. Of the fourteen men arrested six gave bail, and the rest were locked up to await examination on the charge of embezzlement.

Vanderbilt to Take Charge.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 5.—Dr. Rochester, one of the largest stockholders of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie railroad, says that Vanderbilt will assume control of the management of the road at the ensuing election, and that John Novell, president of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern road, will be chosen president, to succeed Mr. Harvel.

Business Failures.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Dispatches received in this city say that Jacob Schumacher, wholesale dealer in dry goods, of Buffalo, Ala., has failed with liabilities amounting to about \$100,000, largely due to creditors in New York. The assets are nominally about the same.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—Bradstreet's Journal furnishes the following: There were 283 failures in the United States reported to Bradstreet's during the past week, 23 more than the preceding week, 23 more than the corresponding week of 1873, and 130 more than the week of 1882. About 79 per cent. were those of small traders, whose capital was less than \$15,000. Compared with the previous week, the middle states had 65, an increase of 17; New England, 28, an increase of 17; southern states, 80, an increase of 17; western states, 33, a decrease of 8; Pacific states and territories, 17, a decrease of 7. There were no very large failures during the past week.

Refused a New Trial.

HUNTSVILLE, Ind., Jan. 5.—The Charles Epps poisoning case was argued Monday for a new trial, but the motion was overruled. There was an affecting scene in the court when the decision was announced. The prisoner was inconsolable. Her screams and lamentations could be heard for squares. The court was in tears. A reporter was taken to her cell a reporter visited her, and she spoke freely of her trial and of the trial of her husband and children, taking her little daughter with her. She did not once mention the name of her murdered victim, John Epps. She will be taken to the reformatory at Indianapolis by Sheriff Rossman. An appeal to the supreme court has been made by her attorney. The verdict is generally satisfactory.

The Ohio Senatorial Fight.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 5.—Rumors of a revolution among the Payne crowd are frequent. It is alleged that Billy Armstrong, of Cleveland; Allen O. Meyers, John McLean and others, all in the Payne camp, do not like each other, and that a decided reaction is imminent before the fight is on, and the friends of Durbin Ward think he is booming. He said: "There is much noise, but I would not swap my chances with anybody." The Payne crowd calculate their advantage on a split in the Payne ranks. A compromise feeling in favor of some other candidate is setting in, and promises to show up in the speakership campaign.

Going to Be a Big Dog-Fight.

PITTSBURGH, Jan. 5.—Wash Moore, of this city, has just received a letter from Dan Schachtel, of Louisville, Ky., the owner of the famous dog Spot, who he claims he the championship, accepting Kirby's challenge, to fight his dog Jack, of Pittsburgh, now the winner of many hard contested battles. The challenge is \$1,000 a side, a fair scalp to turn fight, he agreeing to allow Kirby \$50 for expenses to Louisville, the fight to come off within twenty-five miles of that city in the near future. The turf exchange will be the stake-holder.

Traveling Away.

NEWARK, N. J., Jan. 5.—Gen. Thomas J. Brady and his brother, Capt. E. W. Brady of Washington City, have arrived in the city, coming in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of their father, Judge John Brady, one of the earliest residents and most respected citizens of this place. Judge Brady has been always noted for honesty and uprightness of character. He was the first mayor of the city, has always been identified with its best interests, and his death, which is hourly expected, will be greatly deplored.

The Graphic All Right.

MONTREAL, Jan. 5.—The publishers of The New York Graphic have been very much and lately victory over the parties who were trying to secure the appointment of a receiver and force the convert into bankruptcy. The supreme court has issued an order dissolving all the pending suits against The Graphic company, and charging the conduct of the proceedings upon the parties who substituted the suits.

A Liberal Gift to Yale.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 5.—Albert E. Kent of the class of '83, now residing in San Francisco, who a year ago donated to Yale \$50,000 for a chemical laboratory, has increased the gift to \$100,000, making \$150,000 in all. This will necessitate a change in the building plans, and will greatly increase the utility of the laboratory.

The Filibuster Case.

BURTON, Dak., Jan. 5.—The bribery case instituted by Shaw against Gov. Ordway has been continued in the absence of important witnesses. Gov. warrant proceedings have been commenced against Crecheimer as a non-resident, and against Shaw as not the person appointed.

He Got Away.

BOSTON, Jan. 5.—Robert A. Murray, a broker at 31 Milk street, has left the city, after having, it is alleged, secured \$40,000 on forged mortgages.

Another Springer Donation.

CLEVELAND, Jan. 5.—Ruben Springer has donated \$50,000 for the proposed concert hall addition to the music hall.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The greatest medical wonder of the world. Warranted to speedily cure Burns, Bruises, Cuts, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cancers, Piles, Chilblains, Corns, Tetter, Chapped Hands, and all skin eruptions, guaranteed to improve every instance, or money refunded. 25 cents per box. For sale by F. Sherer & Co.

The grip of pneumonia may be ward off with HALL'S ROSE OF HEMPSTEAD and TAR.

PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS cure in one minute.

The Kobbie Case.

NEW YORK, Jan. 5.—C. H. Kobbie, the defuncting clerk of Sperry & Barnes, who was arrested in Chicago by Pinkerton's detectives, has arrived here, and is now in custody. A gentleman doing business for Sperry & Barnes was interviewed, and characterized the accounts in the morning papers as exaggerated. Kobbie only secured \$50,000, and all but \$5,000 has been recovered. He also states that no forgery was committed. An influential friend will use efforts to prevent prosecution.

House Ball News.

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 5.—At the second day's session of the Union League of Professional Base Ball clubs the following officers were elected: President, W. C. Sedgwick, Philadelphia; Vice president, S. E. Brown, Trenton, N. J.; secretary and treasurer, H. A. Delbeck, Philadelphia. The playing rules of the American association were adopted with a few exceptions. The name of the association was changed to the Eastern League of Professional Base Ball clubs.

CHEMISTS HAVE ALWAYS FOUND

DR. PRICE'S BAKING POWDER

THE MOST PERFECT MADE.

A PURE FRUIT ACID BAKING POWDER. There is none stronger. None so pure and wholesome. Contains no Alum or Ammonia.

Has been used for years in a million homes. Its great strength makes it the cheapest. Its perfect purity the healthiest. Its family use most delicious. Prove it by the only true test.

THE TEST OF THE OVEN.

MANUFACTURED BY STEELE & PRICE, Chicago, Ill., and St. Louis, Mo.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Flour, Sugar, and other Groceries. WE MAKE NO SECOND GRADE COOKS.

AMUSEMENTS.

MYERS' OPERA HOUSE

C. E. MOSELEY, MANAGER.

The Celebrated Villars

Agency, Sam H. and Little Luce, Supported by MISS SARAH DESHON and their own special company.

Wednesday and Thursday Eve. JAN. 9 & 10.

An entertainment of positive novelty. The entire company appearing, including Miss Deshon and her special company.

"New Magdalen"

And the always enjoyable burlesque "Cinderella."

Admission—75c, 50c and 35c.

RESERVED SEATS AT PRENTICE & EVENSON'S.

ALL?

Yes, ALL the Medicines advertised in this paper

are sold by

PRENTICE & EVENSON,

Opposite the Postoffice.

WEAK, UNDEVELOPED PARTS

OF THE HUMAN BODY ENLARGED, DEVELOPED AND STRENGTHENED BY THE USE OF THE "MILK OF THE MOUNTAIN" PREPARED BY DR. J. C. CAMPBELL & STEVENS.

At prices lower than ever made on this class of goods in the Dry Goods trade of Janesville.

FOR JANUARY.

We will mark every yard of

Dress Goods, Silks

AND

Velvets

Fruit of the Loom

AND

Lonsdale Cotton at 8c Per Yard.

Domestic Cottons of all kinds less than New York quotations.

mydms

McKEY & BRO

I HAVE FOR SALE

A choice list of residence property at prices ranging from \$500 to \$3,000. Lots from one to six blocks from business portions of the city.

Farms of All Sizes,

From 20 to 200 acres, and at prices from \$25 to \$100 per acre.

Money to Loan

On approved security. I shall devote my entire time to this business.

Sale of Real Estate

Placed with me for disposal.

C. E. HOWLES.

I have used COLLIN'S CHERRY

COUGH CURE in my family and can recommend it as an excellent remedy. Being very pleasant to the taste the children take it readily, and it seems to check the cough immediately.

R. W. KING.

For sale by Prentice & Evenson.

O. P. O.



O. P. O.

I consider Collin's Cherry

Cough Cure sold by you the very best cough medicine I have ever used. One bottle cured my little boy and myself after physicians' prescriptions and "Piso's Cure for Consumption" had failed to give any relief.

ED. F. CARPENTER.

For sale by Prentice & Evenson.

BAR GAINS!

Bargains!

THE WOUNDED BIRD FLUTTERS.

The Boys seem to be very much troubled about the

Sheeting Sale.

The Sale proves a failure to them, the same as

the Fan sale did, also the Waterproof sale.

On reading over their advertisement last evening, I noticed that

that there was not a word of truth in the entire production, consequently I merely give it passing notice. The boys will get all

they want of the sheeting trade before they get through, (and don't you forget it. This sentence I borrowed from Brother

Footie for a few days on probation. M. C. SMITH.

P. S. If I had got routed horse, foot and dragoon, on

a Fan Sale, over a year since, I think I would not allude to it at

this late day. M. C. SMITH.

Real Estate

COLUMBIA.

This column has been devoted to the


business of H. H. Blanchard for the last

seven years.

Reasons why persons wishing anything in the Real Estate line should patronize

1st. Because he has been engaged in business six years longer than any other agent, and is better known.

LAFF
AND
ROW PHAT
unny Free Show
28
ry Laughable
Cartoon
Pictures.
on exhibition at our store,
one of which will amuse the
melancholy person in the
; also other attractions,
numerous to mention, all
ed in plain figures at one
price. Perhaps some of
will interest you, wh
ys? If not, there is no
done and you will g
with pleasant recollections
e pictures.
SMITH & SON,
Entertaining Merchants.

est Triumph in Science

ing secured the right to use the above in
their eyes examined
S. C. BURNHAM,
tor and Optician, 29 Milwaukee street
Milwaukee, Wis.
REET,
GIST,
Field & Co.,
skin Underwear
ES, ARTIST BOXES, ETC.
e all kinds of the night.
Parts of the City !
ments bloom.
errots, Gold Fish, Etc
ones and Wind Storms
INSURING IN
COMPANIES
BY
DUTTON.
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nnoe Headquarters over old postoffice, op
LEY & DUTTON.
AWLINS'
SUPPORTING
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amongst Children and growing Girls a
tendent, lead Miss Emma J. Rawlins, th
to believe that stooping shoulders and
lammering Girls arise from the followin
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as allowed their brothers of had no
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firm, not gratis. SUPPORT TO THE
drawing the shoulders backwards and
the chest and giving a healthy and grace
R SALE AT
B & STEVENS',
ug Store.

McLEAN,
& WHITON,
Jackson Streets.